CIS 25 K – Midterm 10 points each Name:

- 1. Some computer systems do not provide a privileged mode of operation in hardware. Is it possible to construct a secure operating system for these computers? Give arguments both that it is and that it is not possible. (Question 2.6 in your book).
- 2. What are the five major activities of an operating system in regard to process management? (Question 3.1 in your book).
- 3. MS-DOS provided no means of concurrent processing. Discuss three major complications that concurrent processing adds to an operating system. (Question 4.1 in your book).
- 4. A CPU-scheduling algorithm determines an order for the execution of its scheduled processes. Given *n* processes to be scheduled on one processor, how many different schedules are possible? Give a formula in terms of *n*. (Question 6.1 in your book).
- 5. Define the difference between preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling. State why strict non-preemptive scheduling is unlikely to be used in a computer center. (Question 6.2 in your book).

Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU-burst time given in milliseconds (Question 6.3 in your book with different numbers):

Process	Burst Time	Priority
P1	9	2
P2	2	5
P3	4	4
P4	3	1
P5	7	3

The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, all at time 0.

- 6. Draw Gantt chars illustrating the execution of these processes using FCFS, SJF, a non-preemptive priority (a smaller priority number implies a higher priority), and RR (quantum size 2) scheduling.
- 7. What is the turnaround time and waiting time for each process for each algorithm in question 6?
- 8. What is the average waiting time for each algorithm in question 6? Which algorithm has the minimal average waiting time? Why?
- 9. What is the meaning of the term *busy waiting*? What other kinds of waiting are there in an operating system? Can busy waiting be avoided altogether? Explain your answer. (Question 7.1 in your book).
- 10. Show that if the **wait** and **signal** operations are not executed atomically, then mutual exclusion may be violated. (Question 7.7 in your book).